OIE Reference Laboratory Reports ActivitiesActivities in 2021

This report has been submitted: 2022-01-11 16:56:35

Name of disease (or topic) for which you are a designated OIE Reference Laboratory:	African horse sickness
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Website:	https://www.pirbright.ac.uk/our-science/vector-borne-viral-diseases/non-vesicular-disease-reference-laboratory
Name (including Title) of Head of Laboratory (Responsible Official):	Prof. Bryan Charleston, Institute director
Name (including Title and Position) of OIE Reference Expert:	Dr Simon Carpenter, Director of capability
Which of the following defines your laboratory? Check all that apply:	Other: Research institute

ToR 1: To use, promote and disseminate diagnostic methods validated according to OIE Standards

1. Did your laboratory perform diagnostic tests for the specified disease/topic for purposes such as disease diagnosis, screening of animals for export, surveillance, etc.? (Not for quality control, proficiency testing or staff training)

Yes

Diagnostic Test	Indicated in OIE Manual (Yes/No)	Total number of test performed las	
Indirect diagnostic tests		Nationally Internationally	
B-ELISA	Yes	389 62	
Direct diagnostic tests		Nationally	Internationally
Real-Time RT-PCR	Yes	0	348
Virus Isolation	Yes	0	0

ToR 2: To develop reference material in accordance with OIE requirements, and implement and promote the application of OIE Standards.

To store and distribute to national laboratories biological reference products and any other reagents used in the diagnosis and control of the designated pathogens or disease.

2. Did your laboratory produce or supply imported standard reference reagents officially recognised by the OIE?

No

3. Did your laboratory supply standard reference reagents (non OIE-approved) and/or other diagnostic reagents to OIE Member Countries?

Yes

Type of reagent available	Related diagnostic test	Produced/ provide	Amount supplied nationally (ml, mg)	Amount supplied internationally (ml, mg)	No. of recipient OIE Member Countries	Region of recipients
AHSV serum serotypes 1-9	ELISA/SNT	Provide	0	81ml total	3	□Africa ⋈Americas ⋈Asia and Pacific □Europe □Middle East

4.	Did	your	laboratory	produce	vaccines?
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No

5. Did your laboratory supply vaccines to OIE Member Countries?

No

ToR 3: To develop, standardise and validate, according to OIE Standards, new procedures for diagnosis and control of the designated pathogens or diseases

6. Did your laboratory develop new diagnostic methods validated according to OIE Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

7. Did your laboratory develop new vaccines according to OIE Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

ToR 4: To provide diagnostic testing facilities, and, where appropriate, scientific and technical advice on disease control measures to OIE Member Countries

8. Did your laboratory carry out diagnostic testing for other OIE Member Countries?

No

9. Did your laboratory provide expert advice in technical consultancies on the request of an OIE Member Country?

Yes

Name of the OIE Member Country receiving a technical consultancy	Purpose	How the advice was provided	
MAURITIUS	To discuss import/export testing regimes and results	Email and virtual meeting	
MEXICO	Reagent supply	Email	
MALAYSIA	Disease confirmation, test results	Email	

ToR 5: To carry out and/or coordinate scientific and technical studies in collaboration with other laboratories, centres or organisations

10. Did your laboratory	participate in	international	scientific	studies ir	n collaboration	with	OIE Member	Countries
other than the own?								

No

ToR 6: To collect, process, analyse, publish and disseminate epizootiological data relevant to the designated pathogens or diseases

11. Did your Laboratory collect epizootiological data relevant to international disease control?

Yes

If the answer is yes, please provide details of the data collected:

As part of an ongoing orbivirus project we have been sequencing AHSV strains these will be added to relevant databases once analysed

12. Did your laboratory disseminate epizootiological data that had been processed and analysed?

No

If the answer is no, please provide a brief explanation of the situation:
see above

13. What method of dissemination of information is most often used by your laboratory? (Indicate in the appropriate box the number by category)

a) Articles published in peer-reviewed journals: 0

- b) International conferences: 0
- c) National conferences: 0
- d) Other:

(Provide website address or link to appropriate information) 1 https://thehorse.com/199024/african-horse-sickness-update/

ToR 7: To provide scientific and technical training for personnel from OIE Member Countries

To recommend the prescribed and alternative tests or vaccines as OIE Standards

14. Did your laboratory provide scientific and technical training to laboratory personnel from other OIE Member Countries?

No

ToR 8: To maintain a system of quality assurance, biosafety and biosecurity relevant for the pathogen and the disease concerned

15. Does your laboratory have a Quality Management System?

Yes

Quality management system adopted	Certificate scan (PDF, JPG, PNG format)	
ISO/IEC17025	UKAS Cer 2021.pdf	

16. Is your quality management system accredited?

Yes

Test for which your laboratory is accredited	Accreditation body
Real-time RT-PCR	UKAS
ELISA (antibody)	UKAS
Virus isolation	UKAS

17. Does your laboratory maintain a "biorisk management system" for the pathogen and the disease concerned?

Yes

(See Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals, Chapter 1.1.4)

ToR 9: To organise and participate in scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE

18. Did your laboratory organise scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE?

No

19. Did your laboratory participate in scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE?

No

ToR 10: To establish and maintain a network with other OIE Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease and organise regular inter-laboratory proficiency testing to ensure comparability of results

20. Did your laboratory exchange information with other OIE Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease?

No

21. Was your laboratory involved in maintaining a network with OIE Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease by organising or participating in proficiency tests?

Yes

Purpose of the proficiency tests: 1	Role of your Reference Laboratory (organiser/ participant)	No. participants	Participating OIE Ref. Labs/ organising OIE Ref. Lab.
Harmonisation of diagnostic tests for AHSV	Participant	48 labs	Organising OIE reference laboratory - Spain Participant - South Africa

¹ validation of a diagnostic protocol: specify the test; quality control of vaccines: specify the vaccine type, etc.

22. Did your laboratory collaborate with other OIE Reference Laboratories for the same disease on scientific research projects for the diagnosis or control of the pathogen of interest?

No

ToR 11: To organise inter-laboratory proficiency testing with laboratories other than OIE Reference Laboratories for the same pathogens and diseases to ensure equivalence of results

23. Did your laboratory organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with laboratories other than OIE Reference Laboratories for the same disease?

Yes

Note: See Interlaboratory test comparisons in: Laboratory Proficiency Testing at: http://www.oie.int/en/our-scientific-expertise/reference-laboratories/proficiency-testing see point 1.3

Purpose for inter-laboratory test comparisons ¹	No. participating laboratories	Region(s) of participating OIE Member Countries
Harmonisation of diagnostic tests for AHSV	48 labs	

ToR 12: To place expert consultants at the disposal of the OIE

24. Did your laboratory place expert consultants at the disposal of the OIE?

Yes

Kind of consultancy	Location	Subject (facultative)
Drs Carpenter and Batten raised awareness via a paper to OIE with regards to export tests and a meeting is being organised for early 2022	Remote	Export of horses

25. Additional comments regarding your report:

There has been little AHSV activity outside of Africa this year, hence the low level of diagnostic submissions. We continue to take enquiries for reagents, which we supply as soon as all import permits etc are in place. Reagent supply has been hindered as a result of COVID due to reductions in flights and increased shipping costs.

Dr Batten has been working closely with Mauritius regarding testing horses for export and import.

The Pirbright has active orbivirus and entomological research groups, who regularly publish in high impact journals, this information is directly relevant to aspects of AHSV control. Additionally the Pirbright Institute holds a large collection of AHSV isolates which it makes available on request.

The 2021 PT was provided in December 2021 and therefore results/reports will be communicated in 2022.