OIE Reference Laboratory Reports ActivitiesActivities in 2021

This report has been submitted: 2022-01-18 05:45:05

| Name of disease (or topic) for which you are a designated OIE Reference Laboratory: | Newcastle disease |
|---|--|
| Address of laboratory: | CSIRO Australian Centre for Disease Preparedness 5 Portarlington Road East Geelong Victoria 3219 AUSTRALIA |
| Tel.: | +61 3 5227 5000 |
| Fax: | +61 3 5227 5555 |
| E-mail address: | Frank.Wong@csiro.au |
| Website: | www.csiro.au |
| Name (including Title) of Head of Laboratory (Responsible Official): | Prof Trevor Drew Director |
| Name (including Title and Position) of OIE Reference Expert: | To be decided Report written by Dr Frank Wong |
| Which of the following defines your laboratory? Check all that apply: | Governmental |

ToR 1: To use, promote and disseminate diagnostic methods validated according to OIE Standards

1. Did your laboratory perform diagnostic tests for the specified disease/topic for purposes such as disease diagnosis, screening of animals for export, surveillance, etc.? (Not for quality control, proficiency testing or staff training)

Yes

| Diagnostic Test | Indicated in OIE Manual (Yes/No) | Total number of test performed last year | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Indirect diagnostic tests | | Nationally | Internationally |
| н | Yes | 998 | 0 |
| Direct diagnostic tests | | Nationally | Internationally |
| Real-time PCR | Yes | 630 | 191 |
| Virus Isolation | Yes | 193 | 8 |
| PCR / Sequencing | Yes | 29 | 49 |
| HI Typing | Yes | 10 | 0 |
| IHC | Yes | 8 | 0 |

ToR 2: To develop reference material in accordance with OIE requirements, and implement and promote the application of OIE Standards.

To store and distribute to national laboratories biological reference products and any other reagents used in the diagnosis and control of the designated pathogens or disease.

2. Did your laboratory produce or supply imported standard reference reagents officially recognised by the OIE?

No

3. Did your laboratory supply standard reference reagents (non OIE-approved) and/or other diagnostic reagents to OIE Member Countries?

| Type of reagent available | Related diagnostic test | Produced/ provide | Amount supplied nationally (ml, mg) | Amount supplied internationally (ml, mg) | No. of recipient OIE Member Countries | Region of recipients |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Network quality control (NQC) for jurisdictional laboratories in Australia | PCR | Produced and provided | 35ml | 0 | 1 (Australia) | □Africa □America s ⊠Asia and Pacific □Europe □Middle East |

| 4 | Did v | /our | laboratory | nroduce | vaccines? |
|----|-------|------|------------|---------|-----------|
| ┰. | Diu | youi | iabolatol | produce | vaccincs: |

No

5. Did your laboratory supply vaccines to OIE Member Countries?

No

ToR 3: To develop, standardise and validate, according to OIE Standards, new procedures for diagnosis and control of the designated pathogens or diseases

6. Did your laboratory develop new diagnostic methods validated according to OIE Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?

No

 $\hbox{7. Did your laboratory develop new vaccines according to OIE Standards for the designated pathogen or disease?}$

No

ToR 4: To provide diagnostic testing facilities, and, where appropriate, scientific and technical advice on disease control measures to OIE Member Countries

8. Did your laboratory carry out diagnostic testing for other OIE Member Countries?

| Name of OIE Member Country seeking assistance | Date (month) | No. samples received for provision of diagnostic support | No. samples received for provision of confirmatory diagnoses |
|---|--------------|--|--|
| NEPAL | July | 15 | 0 |
| CHINA (PEOPLE'S REP. OF) | November | 0 | 76 |

9. Did your laboratory provide expert advice in technical consultancies on the request of an OIE Member Country?

Yes

| Name of the OIE Member Country receiving a technical consultancy | Purpose | How the advice was provided |
|--|---|---|
| CHINA (PEOPLE'S REP. OF) | Supported and advised on diagnostic investigations, molecular epidemiological characterization and test protocols | Remote by Zoom and email communications |
| INDONESIA | Laboratory Strengthening focusing on building diagnostic capacities for DIC Wates to become a national animal health laboratory for avian & poultry diseases, and for application of NGS & bioinformatics to EID investigations for ASEAN | Remote by teleconferences, workshops, Zoom and email communications |
| NEPAL | Supported and advised on diagnostic investigations and molecular epidemiological characterization | Remote by Zoom and email communications |
| PHILIPPINES | Supported and advised on diagnostic investigations, molecular epidemiological characterization and test protocols | Remote by Zoom and email communications |

ToR 5: To carry out and/or coordinate scientific and technical studies in collaboration with other laboratories, centres or organisations

10. Did your laboratory participate in international scientific studies in collaboration with OIE Member Countries other than the own?

| Title of the study | Duration | Purpose of the study | Partners (Institutions) | OIE Member Countries involved other than your country |
|---|---------------------|---|---|---|
| Phylogenetic analysis and genotyping of APMV-1 isolates from Hong Kong SAR | 1 year (ongoing) | To undertake full genome sequencing and associated phylogenetic and epidemiological analyses of APMV-1 isolates from Hong Kong poultry | Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department, Hong Kong SAR | CHINA (PEOPLE'S REP. OF) |
| Phylogenetic analysis of Genotype VII isolates from Indonesia | ongoing | To undertake full genome sequencing and associated phylogenetic and epidemiological analyses of isolates from Indonesia | Gadjah Mada University, Indonesia | INDONESIA |
| Phylogenetic analysis and genotyping of APMV-1 isolates from Nepal poultry | ongoing | To undertake full genome sequencing and associated phylogenetic and epidemiological analyses of APMV-1 isolates from Nepal poultry | Central Veterinary Laboratory (CVL), Nepal | NEPAL |
| Phylogenetic analysis and genotyping of APMV-1 isolates from Philippines poultry | ongoing | To undertake full genome sequencing and associated phylogenetic and epidemiological analyses of APMV-1 isolates from Philippines poultry | Animal Disease Diagnosis and Reference Laboratory (ADDRL), Bureau of Animal Industry (BAI), Philippines | PHILIPPINES |

ToR 6: To collect, process, analyse, publish and disseminate epizootiological data relevant to the designated pathogens or diseases

11. Did your Laboratory collect epizootiological data relevant to international disease control?

Yes

If the answer is yes, please provide details of the data collected:

Newcastle Disease sample epidemiological data and Avian Paramyxovirus-1 virus genetic and antigenic characterization data

12. Did your laboratory disseminate epizootiological data that had been processed and analysed?

If the answer is yes, please provide details of the data collected:

Newcastle Disease sample epidemiological data and Avian Paramyxovirus-1 virus genetic and antigenic characterization data

13. What method of dissemination of information is most often used by your laboratory? (Indicate in the appropriate box the number by category)

- a) Articles published in peer-reviewed journals: 8
- 1. Bowden, T., Crowther, J. & Wang, J., (2021) Review of critical factors affecting analytical characteristics of serological and molecular assays. Revue Scientifique et Technique, 40 (1), 53-73.
- 2. Caraguel, C.G.B. & Colling, A., (2021) Diagnostic likelihood ratio the next-generation of diagnostic test accuracy measurement. In Diagnostic test validation science: a key element for effective detection and control of infectious animal diseases. Rev. Sci. Tech. Off. Int. Epiz., 40 (1), 299–309. doi:10.20506/rst.40.1.3226. (A. Colling & I.A. Gardner, eds).
- 3. Hobbs, E.C., Colling, A., Gurung, R.B.& Allen, J., (2021) The potential of diagnostic point-of-care tests (POCTs) for infectious and zoonotic animal diseases in developing countries: Technical, regulatory and sociocultural considerations. Transbound Emerg Dis, 68(4): 1835-1849.
- 4. Mara, K., Dai, A., Brice, A.M., Alexander, M.R., Tribolet, L., Layton, D.S. & Bean, A.G.D., (2021) Investigating the Interaction between Negative Strand RNA Viruses and Their Hosts for Enhanced Vaccine Development and Production. Vaccines (Basel), 9(1).
- 5. Newberry, K. & Colling, A., (2021) Quality standards and guidelines for test validation for infectious diseases in veterinary laboratories. In Diagnostic test validation science: a key element for effective detection and control of infectious animal diseases. Rev. Sci. Tech. Off. Int. Epiz., 40 (1), 227–237. doi:10.20506/rst.40.1.3220. (A. Colling & I.A. Gardner, eds).
- 6. Shan, S., Bruce, K., Stevens, V., Wong, F.Y.K., Wang, J., Johnson, D., Middleton, D., O'Riley, K., McCullough, S., Williams, D.T., & Bergfeld, J., (2021) "In Vitro and In Vivo Characterization of a Pigeon Paramyxovirus Type 1 Isolated from Domestic Pigeons in Victoria, Australia 2011.", Viruses, 13, 429.
- 7. Watson, J.W., Clark, G.A. & Williams D.T., (2021) The value of virtual biobanks for transparency purposes with respect to reagents and samples used during test development and validation. In Diagnostic test validation science: a key element for effective detection and control of infectious animal diseases. Rev. Sci. Tech. Off. Int. Epiz., 40 (1), 253-259. (I.A. Gardner & A. Colling, eds).
- 8. Waugh, C., & Clark, G.A., (2021) Factors affecting test reproducibility among laboratories. In Diagnostic test validation science: a key element for effective detection and control of infectious animal diseases. Rev. Sci. Tech. Off. Int. Epiz., 40 (1), 131-143. (I.A. Gardner & A. Colling, eds).
- b) International conferences: 3
- 1. OIE 3rd Regional Meeting for OIE Reference Centres in Asia & the Pacific (virtual), OIE-RRAP Tokyo, Japan on 24-25 February 2021. ACDP experts presented and participated.
- 2. OIE Regional Expert Network Meeting for Avian Diseases in Asia & the Pacific (virtual), OIE-RRAP Tokyo, Japan on 29-30 February 2021. ACDP experts presented and participated.
- 3. OIE Regional Expert Network Meeting for Avian Diseases in Asia & the Pacific (virtual), OIE-RRAP Tokyo, Japan on 10 December 2021. ACDP experts presented and participated.
- c) National conferences: 0
- d) Other:

(Provide website address or link to appropriate information) 3

1. Wong, F.Y.K., & Readford, P., (2021) DFAT Indo-Pacific Centre for Health Security Laboratory Twinning Biosafety

Training and Laboratory Placements Project Milestone 5 Report: Strengthening the capacity and creating a Sustainable Animal Health Laboratory Network in the Indo-Pacific through targeted technical laboratory twinning, biosafety training and laboratory placements. CSIRO, 17 March 2021.

- 2. Readford, P., & Wong, F.Y.K., (2021) DFAT Indo-Pacific Centre for Health Security Laboratory Twinning Biosafety Training and Laboratory Placements Project Milestone 5 Report: Strengthening the capacity and creating a Sustainable Animal Health Laboratory Network in the Indo-Pacific through targeted technical laboratory twinning, biosafety training and laboratory placements. CSIRO, 30 September 2021. (Provide website address or link to appropriate information)
- 3. Newcastle Disease Management, Animal Health Australia https://www.animalhealthaustralia.com.au/what-we-do/endemic-disease/newcastle-disease/

ToR 7: To provide scientific and technical training for personnel from OIE Member Countries

To recommend the prescribed and alternative tests or vaccines as OIE Standards

14. Did your laboratory provide scientific and technical training to laboratory personnel from other OIE Member Countries?

Yes

a) Technical visits: 0b) Seminars: 6

c) Hands-on training courses: 4 d) Internships (>1 month): 0

| Type of technical training provided (a, b, c or d) | Country of origin of the expert(s) provided with training | No. participants from the corresponding country |
|--|--|---|
| B (virtual) | Indonesia | 13 |
| B (virtual) | Indonesia | 5 |
| B (virtual) | Indonesia | 9 |
| C (virtual) | Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand | 26 |
| B (virtual) | Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Timor-Leste, Vietnam | 100 |
| C (virtual) | Indonesia, New Zealand, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, Vietnam | 18 |
| B, C (virtual) | Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Papua New Guinea, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Vietnam | 13 |
| B, C (virtual) | Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Papua New Guinea, Timor- Leste, Thailand, Vietnam | 11 |

ToR 8: To maintain a system of quality assurance, biosafety and biosecurity relevant for the pathogen and the disease concerned

15. Does your laboratory have a Quality Management System?

Yes

| Quality management system adopted | Certificate scan (PDF, JPG, PNG format) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| ISO 17025 & ISO 17043 | NATA ISO 17025 & 17043 Certificates.pdf |
| ISO 9001 | BSI ISO 9001 Certificate.pdf |
| ISO 14001 | BSI ISO 14001 Certificate.pdf |

16. Is your quality management system accredited?

Yes

| Test for which your laboratory is accredited | Accreditation body |
|--|------------------------|
| Testing for sterility and freedom from contamination of biological materials intended for veterinary use – Innocuity (Bacterial culture - Biphasic medium, mycoplasma broth; Dark field microscopy; Embryonated egg culture; Enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA); Fluorescent antibody test; Haemagglutination; PCR - Quantitative (qPCR); Polymerase chain reaction (PCR); Virus isolation) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Detection and identification of viruses (PCR – Quantitative (qPCR)) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Detection and identification of viruses (PCR – Quantitative (qPCR); Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Molecular analysis – Sequencing (Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Examination of biopsy material (Histopathology; Immunohistochemistry; Macroscopic examination; Microscopic examination) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Necropsy services (Microscopic examination; Anatomical pathology) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Molecular analysis - Bioinformatic analysis and interpretation (To be determined; Analysis of DNA alignment; DNA alignment to reference sequence) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Molecular analysis - Sequencing (Sanger sequencing) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Microbiology - Serology of infection - Microbial antibody and/or antigen detection and/or quantitation (Haemagglutination inhibition) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Detection and identification of viruses (Embryonated egg culture; Haemagglutination inhibition) | NATA (ILAC affiliated) |
| Accreditation No: 13546 (scope last change 2021) | |

17. Does your laboratory maintain a "biorisk management system" for the pathogen and the disease concerned?

Yes

(See Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals, Chapter 1.1.4)

ToR 9: To organise and participate in scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE

18. Did your laboratory organise scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE?

No

19. Did your laboratory participate in scientific meetings on behalf of the OIE?

Yes

| Title of event | Date (mm/yy) | Location | Role (speaker, presenting poster, short communications) | Title of the work presented |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|---|--|
| 3rd Regional Meeting for OIE Reference Centres in Asia and the Pacific | 02/21 | Remote by Zoom | speakers, short communications | Discussion on establishing & improving networking among RCs - MCs |
| OIE Regional Expert Network Meeting for Avian diseases in Asia and the Pacific | 09/21 | Remote by Zoom | speakers, short communications | ACDP OIE Reference Laboratory update on surveillance activities for AI and ND |
| AHG on Sustainable Laboratories: briefing on PVS Lab data and OIE Equipment Management Survey | 04/21 | Remote by Zoom | short communications, member | Discussions |
| OIE Regional Expert Network Meeting for Avian diseases in Asia and the Pacific | 12/21 | Remote by Zoom | speakers, short communications | ACDP OIE Reference Laboratory update on surveillance activities for Al and ND |

ToR 10: To establish and maintain a network with other OIE Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease and organise regular inter-laboratory proficiency testing to ensure comparability of results

20. Did your laboratory exchange information with other OIE Reference Laboratories designated for the same pathogen or disease?

No

21. Was your laboratory involved in maintaining a network with OIE Reference Laboratories designated for the

same pathogen or disease by organising or participating in proficiency tests?

No

22. Did your laboratory collaborate with other OIE Reference Laboratories for the same disease on scientific research projects for the diagnosis or control of the pathogen of interest?

Yes

| Title of the project or contract | Scope | Name(s) of relevant OIE Reference Laboratories |
|--|--|---|
| OIE Regional Expert Network for Avian Diseases in Asia & the Pacific | Updates and data sharing of regional and national avian disease notifications and surveillance | Australia, China, Republic of Korea, Russia |

ToR 11: To organise inter-laboratory proficiency testing with laboratories other than OIE Reference Laboratories for the same pathogens and diseases to ensure equivalence of results

23. Did your laboratory organise or participate in inter-laboratory proficiency tests with laboratories other than OIE Reference Laboratories for the same disease?

Yes

Note: See Interlaboratory test comparisons in: Laboratory Proficiency Testing at: http://www.oie.int/en/our-scientific-expertise/reference-laboratories/proficiency-testing see point 1.3

| Purpose for inter-laboratory test comparisons ¹ | No. participating laboratories | Region(s) of participating OIE Member Countries |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Proficiency testing for state jurisdictional laboratories within Australia and NZ (LEADDR network) | 8 (Australia and NZ) | □Africa □Americas ⊠Asia and Pacific □Europe □Middle East |

ToR 12: To place expert consultants at the disposal of the OIE

24. Did your laboratory place expert consultants at the disposal of the OIE?

| Kind of consultancy | Location | Subject (facultative) | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Invited participant | Virtual via Zoom | The 9th Asia-Pacific Workshop on Multisectoral Collaboration at the Animal-Human-Ecosystems Interface | |
| Invited participants, presenters | Virtual via Zoom | Laboratory Capacity Building Workshop – Experience from Asia Pacific to share with the Americas | |
| Member | Virtual via Zoom | Scientific Committee for Animal Diseases | |
| Member | Virtual via Zoom | AHG on Sustainable Laboratories: briefing on PVS Lab data and OIE Equipment Management Survey on 26 April 2021 | |
| Member | Virtual via Zoom | 3rd Meeting of the OIE Ad Hoc Group on Sustainable Laboratoires on 1-4 June 2021 | |
| Invited participants and presenters | Virtual via Zoom | 3rd Regional Meeting for OIE Reference Centres in Asia and the Pacific, Tokyo Japan on 24-25 February 2021 | |
| Invited participants and presenters | Virtual via Zoom | OIE Regional Expert Network Meeting for Avian Diseases in Asia & the Pacific (virtual), OIE-RRAP Tokyo, Japan on 29-30 February 2021 | |
| Invited participants and presenters | Virtual via Zoom | OIE Regional Expert Network Meeting for Avian Diseases in Asia & the Pacific (virtual), OIE-RRAP Tokyo, Japan on 10 December 2021 | |
| Technical review by OIE expert | Virtual | Review NDV Chapter of the OIE Terrestrial Manual | |

25. Additional comments regarding your report:

Due to COVID-19, ACDP has continued to work with limited operational capacity throughout 2021 (for example, adopting roster arrangements for staff site access, reduced site access to ensure physical distancing, no international travel and visitors unable to attend site for most of the year). This has significantly limited ACDP's capacity to carry out planned research and conduct training and has limited some types of diagnostic submissions to the laboratory.