African Swine Fever (ASF)
Report N° 38: February 14 to 27, 2020
World Animal Health Information and Analysis Department

ASF SITUATION

1. Spatial distribution

- Europe
- Africa
- Asia

Outbreaks reported 14/02 - 27/02

- Backyard
- Farm
- Wild boar

Ongoing outbreaks

- Backyard
- Farm
- Wild boar

Figure 1. ASF outbreaks reported through the Early Warning system within the period. The outbreaks notified between February 14 and 27 are pointed with a higher color intensity compared to the ongoing outbreaks (lighter colors).

In this period, 371 new outbreaks were notified. The total of ongoing ASF outbreaks worldwide is now 8,837 (4,126 outbreaks in Vietnam, 3,303 outbreaks in Romania). In the previous report, 411 were notified as new, while 9,449 outbreaks were ongoing.

2. Impact of the disease

- A total of 814 animals were notified as losses (19,207 losses notified in the Report N°37). In Europe 808 domestic pigs were registered as losses in Romania, Russia and Ukraine. In Asia, Myanmar notified 6 losses. No new outbreaks were reported in Africa.

Figure 2. Losses* due to ASF outbreaks notified through WAHIS within the period (February 14 to 27, 2020)

The impact of this disease is measured in terms of losses*, which are calculated by the sum of dead and culled animals from the infected farm or backyard premises of the reported outbreak.

3. Changes in the epidemiological situation

Countries/Territories with new or ongoing outbreaks in the current period: 22 Countries/Territories notified new or ongoing outbreaks through immediate notifications and follow-up reports, 11 in Europe (Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Latvia, Mokotów, Poland, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovakia and Ukraine); 10 in Asia (China (People’s Republic of), Indonesia, Korea (Democratic People’s Republic of), Korea (Republic of), Laos, Myanmar, Philippines, Russia, Timor-Leste and Vietnam) and 2 in Africa (Côte d’Ivoire and South Africa).

NOTE: Russia is mentioned in Asia and Europe, depending on the location of the outbreaks.

Asia
- Korea notified 36 outbreaks affecting wild boar. Myanmar notified the recurrence of the disease in a farm in Shan state. Moreover, Russia notified 6 outbreaks in wild boar.

Europe
- In Europe, 328 outbreaks were notified; 41 in swine and 288 in wild boar. In this region, a targeted surveillance program is continuing. Often, a single case in wild boar is notified as a single outbreak, and is usually notified as resolved immediately. From the outbreaks reported in within this period, 96 remain ongoing in wild boar and 41 in swine.

Africa
- No new outbreaks have been reported within the period covered.

Member Countries are reminded that the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code provides comprehensive guidance to Veterinary Authorities for establishing a country, zone and compartment free of African swine fever (ASF) as well as recommendations relating to the trade of pork and pork products. These products, when handled in accordance with hygienic practices complying with international standards, should not present a risk of infection.

The OIE also encourages Member Countries to implement enhanced national sanitary measures on waste disposal from aircrafts/vessels/passengers and enhanced on-farm biosecurity measures – including the protection of pigs from untreated swill feeding and the effective separation between domestic pigs and wild boar – and stresses the importance of OIE international standards for risk management of transboundary animal diseases (TADs) to reduce the risk of exporting disease to trading partners.

For an overview on the historical distribution of the disease since 2016, please refer to the ASF report N° 1 (available in the official website of the OIE).

A summary of all Immediate Notifications and Follow-up reports submitted by countries in Asia and the Pacific updated in a weekly basis is available in the Region’s official webpage.

2 WAHIS interface